

1990 and 2000 CENSUS : CEDAR RIVERSIDE / WEST BANK NEIGHBORHOOD

Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics

Subject	1990	2000
EMPLOYMENT STATUS		
Total Population 16 years and over	5,851	6,435
In labor force	3,529	4,210
Civilian labor force	3,529	4,210
Employed	3,128	3,495
Unemployed	401	715
Percent of civilian labor force	11.4%	17%
Armed Forces	0	0
Not in labor force	2,322	2,225
Females 16 years and over	2,850	3,100
In labor force	1,526	1,930
Civilian labor force	1,526	1,930
Employed	1,384	1,665
Own children under 6 years	34	540
All parents in family in labor force	25	315
COMMUTING TO WORK		
Workers 16 years and over	3,028	3,330
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	1,167	1,290
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	87	320
Public transportation (including taxicab)	513	625
Walked	1,063	900
Other means	34	150
Worked at home	79	45
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	N/A	21.9
CLASS OF WORKER		
Private wage and salary workers	2,247	2,725
Government workers	816	605
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	65	155
Unpaid family workers	0	4
INCOME		
Households	2,789	2,855
Less than \$10,000	1,263	1,100
\$10,000 to \$14,999	377	370
\$15,000 to \$24,999	567	525
\$25,000 to \$34,999	257	265
\$35,000 to \$49,999	218	230
\$50,000 to \$74,999	96	190
\$75,000 to \$99,999	0	85
\$100,000 to \$149,999	11	90
\$150,000 or more	0	4

Subject	1990	2000
Median Household income	\$ 11,231	\$ 14,367
Total Households with earnings	1,984	2,195
Mean earnings	\$ 18,156	\$ 27,806
Total Households with Social Security income	459	290
Mean Social Security income	\$ 6,260	\$ 8,697
Total Households with Supplemental Security income	N/A	315
Mean Supplemental Security income	N/A	\$ 5,599
Total Households with Public Assistance income	526	535
Mean Public Assistance income	\$ 3,751	\$ 3,208
Total Households with Retirement income	118	80
Mean Retirement income	\$ 5,709	\$ 8,626
Families		
	810	1,090
Less than \$10,000	343	285
\$10,000 to \$14,999	89	155
\$15,000 to \$24,999	170	250
\$25,000 to \$34,999	97	160
\$35,000 to \$49,999	57	90
\$50,000 to \$74,999	54	80
\$75,000 to \$99,999	0	35
\$100,000 to \$149,999	0	30
\$150,000 or more	0	0
Median family income	\$ 13,650	\$ 19,656
POPULATION BELOW POVERTY LEVEL (see Definition below *)		
Families		
	334	415
With related children under 18 years	234	270
With related children under 5 years	80	135
Families with female householder-no husband present		
	171	215
With related children under 18 years	147	165
With related children under 5 years	75	80
Individuals		
	2,023	2,420
18 years and over	1,793	1,815
65 years and over	206	195
Related children under 18 years	230	595
Related children 5 to 17 years	37	395
Unrelated children 15 years and over	N/A	1,030
POPULATION FOR WHOM POVERTY STATUS IS DETERMINED		
Families		
	810	1,090
With related children under 18 years	345	665
With related children under 5 years	136	375
Families with female householder-no husband present		
	290	380
With related children under 18 years	198	280
With related children under 5 years	81	145
Individuals		
	4,452	5,780
18 years and over	4,209	4,590
65 years and over	387	350
Related children under 18 years	243	1,180
Related children 5 to 17 years	103	725
Unrelated children 15 years and over	N/A	2,460

Due to changes in how the Census Bureau defined occupational and industrial categories, data from 1990 and 2000 cannot be compared directly and are therefore presented separately

1990 Census Occupational and Industrial categories

Category	
Employed civilian population 16 years and over	3,128
OCCUPATION	
Managerial and professional specialty occupations:	
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	273
Professional specialty occupations	747
Technical, sales, and administrative support occupations:	
Technicians and related support occupations	193
Sales occupations	313
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	631
Services occupations:	
Private household occupations	15
Protective service occupations	116
Service occupations, except protective and household	505
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	40
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	84
Operators, fabricators, and laborers:	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	65
Transportation and material moving occupations	53
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	93
INDUSTRY	
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	24
Mining	0
Construction	0
Manufacturing, nondurable goods	85
Manufacturing, durable goods	87
Transportation	48
Communications and other public utilities	87
Wholesale trade	34
Retail trade	626
Finance, insurance, and real estate	128
Business and repair services	242
Personal services	73
Entertainment and recreation services	110
Professional and related services:	
Health services	384
Educational services	804
Other professional and related services	319
Public administration	77

2000 Census Occupational and Industrial categories

Category	
Employed civilian population 16 years and over	3,495
OCCUPATION	
Management, professional, and related occupations	1,165
Service occupations	705
Sales and office occupations	975
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	-
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	100
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	545
INDUSTRY	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	25
Construction	85
Manufacturing	365
Wholesale trade	40
Retail trade	340
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	155
Information	125
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	220
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	345
Educational, health and social services	1,205
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and food services	445
Other services (except public administration)	95
Public administration	50

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Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 1990 and 2000

(*) Poverty definition.

Following the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB's) Directive 14, the Census Bureau uses a set of money income thresholds that vary by family size and composition to detect who is poor. If a family's total income is less than that family's threshold, then that family, and every individual in it, is considered poor. The poverty thresholds do not vary geographically, but they are updated annually for inflation with the Consumer Price Index (CPI-U). The official poverty definition counts money income before taxes and excludes capital gains and noncash benefits (such as public housing, medicaid, and food stamps). The link to 1990 poverty thresholds is: <http://www.census.gov/hhes/poverty/threshld/thresh89.html> and the link to the comparable 2000 thresholds is: <http://www.census.gov/hhes/poverty/threshld/thresh99.html>